

870

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x::x

LOGINID: ssspta1612bxr

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

stn

NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS IPC8 For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design or implementation of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:30:09 ON 26 OCT 2008

=> file reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
SINCE FILE
ENTRY SESSION
0.21 0.21
FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:30:25 ON 26 OCT 2008
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 24 OCT 2008 HIGHEST RN 1065816-63-8
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 24 OCT 2008 HIGHEST RN 1065816-63-8

New CAS Information Use Policies. enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH July 5, 2008.

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stnqen/stndoc/properties.html>

```
=>
Uploading C:\Documents and Settings\brobinson1\My Documents\c-Red
Folder\10524345\ni1.str
```

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s 11
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 16:39:02 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 773 TO ITERATE

stn

100.0% PROCESSED 773 ITERATIONS 4 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 13792 TO 17128
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 4 TO 200

L2 4 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s 11 full
THE ESTIMATED SEARCH COST FOR FILE 'REGISTRY' IS 177.90 U.S. DOLLARS
DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y)/N or END:y
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 16:39:07 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 15082 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 15082 ITERATIONS 80 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.02

L3 80 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file hcplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
FULL ESTIMATED COST ENTRY SESSION
184.80 185.01

FILE 'HCPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:39:11 ON 26 OCT 2008
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 26 Oct 2008 VOL 149 ISS 18
FILE LAST UPDATED: 24 Oct 2008 (20081024/ED)

HCplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the second quarter of 2008.

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 13
L4 29 L3

Updated Search

stn

=> s ll and matsuoka, h?/au
8520 LL
570 LLS
9046 LL
(LL OR LLS)
2772 MATSUOKA, H?/AU
L5 1 LL AND MATSUOKA, H?/AU

=> d 14, ibib abs hitstr, 1

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 29 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:860091 HCPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:154921
TITLE: Antifouling coatings and their manufacture
INVENTOR(S): Messersmith, Phillip; Statz, Andrea R.; Lee, Bruce P.;
Dalsin, Jeffrey L.; Sherman, Daniel
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 16pp.
CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20080171012	A1	20080717	US 2008-972008	20080110
WO 2008089032	A1	20080724	WO 2008-US050721	20080110
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LV, MC, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2007-879873P P 20070111
AB A method to reduce or eliminate marine biofouling of various surfaces
comprises treating surfaces with mPEG-DOPA, which is monomethoxy
polyoxyethylene conjugated with L-3-(3,4-dihydroxyphenyl)alanine. The
hydrophilic m-PEG-DOPA resulted antifouling ability equivalent to
polydimethylsiloxane elastomer for *Ulva*, but better performance for diatom
Navicula.

IT 833489-84-2
RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
(Uses)
(methoxy polyoxyethylene conjugated with dihydroxypenylalanine as
hydrophilic antifouling agents)

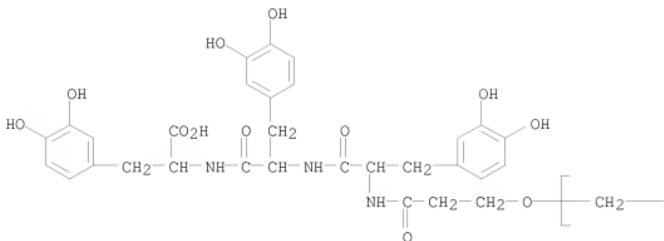
RN 833489-84-2 HCPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -methyl- ω -hydroxy-, 1N-ether with
3-hydroxy-N-(3-hydroxy-1-oxopropyl)-L-tyrosyl-3-hydroxy-L-tyrosyl-3-

stn

hydroxy-L-tyrosine (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:30:09 ON 26 OCT 2008)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:30:25 ON 26 OCT 2008
L1 STRUCTURE uploaded
L2 4 S L1
L3 80 S L1 FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:39:11 ON 26 OCT 2008
L4 29 S L3
L5 1 S LL AND MATSUOKA, H2/AU

=> s 14 not 15
1.6 29 1.4 NOT 1.5

stn

=> s 14 not 15
L7 29 L4 NOT L5

=> s 14 and sato, t?/au
26063 SATO, T?/AU
L8 0 L4 AND SATO, T?/AU

=> s 16 and takahashi, t?/au
21947 TAKAHASHI, T?/AU
L9 0 L6 AND TAKAHASHI, T?/AU

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	18.90	203.91
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-0.80	-0.80

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:42:14 ON 26 OCT 2008
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file
provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 24 OCT 2008 HIGHEST RN 1065816-63-8
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 24 OCT 2008 HIGHEST RN 1065816-63-8

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH July 5, 2008.

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and
predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of
experimental property data in the original document. For information
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

=>
Uploading C:\Documents and Settings\brobinson1\My Documents\e-Red
Folder\10524345\asdfaertt.str

L10 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 110
L10 HAS NO ANSWERS
L10 STR

Updated Search

stn

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l10

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 16:44:48 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 20094 TO ITERATE

10.0% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS 4 ANSWERS
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 393392 TO 410368
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 423 TO 1183

L11 4 SEA SSS SAM L10

=> s l10 full

THE ESTIMATED SEARCH COST FOR FILE 'REGISTRY' IS 177.90 U.S. DOLLARS
DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y)/N or END:y
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 16:44:52 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 404547 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 404547 ITERATIONS 414 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.15

L12 414 SEA SSS FUL L10

	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	180.20	384.11
FULL ESTIMATED COST		
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-0.80

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:45:11 ON 26 OCT 2008
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

stn

FILE COVERS 1907 - 26 Oct 2008 VOL 149 ISS 18
FILE LAST UPDATED: 24 Oct 2008 (20081024/ED)

HCPlus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the second quarter of 2008.

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

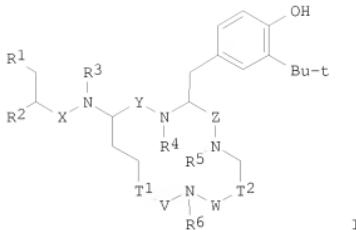
=> s l12
L13 8 L12

=> s l13 and matsuoka, h?/au
2772 MATSUOKA, H?/AU
L14 2 L13 AND MATSUOKA, H?/AU

=> d l14, ibib abs fhitstr, 1-2

L14 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:157810 HCPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:217049
TITLE: Preparation of cyclic peptide derivatives as motilin receptor antagonists
INVENTOR(S): Matsuoka, Hiroharu; Sato, Tsutomu
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chugai Seiyaku Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 89 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002016404	A1	20020228	WO 2001-JP7213	20010823
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2001080120	A	20020304	AU 2001-80120	20010823
EP 1312612	A1	20030521	EP 2001-958426	20010823
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
US 20030191053	A1	20031009	US 2003-362574	20030224
US 7018981	B2	20060328		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-253950	A 20000824
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	136:217049	WO 2001-JP7213	W 20010823
GI				



AB The title compds. I [$T_1 = (CH_2)^m$; $T_2 = (CH_2)^n$; R_1 represents optionally substituted Ph, etc.; R_2 represents amino, etc.; R_3 to R_6 each represents hydrogen, Me, etc.; V , W , X , Y , Z represent carbonyl or methylene; m is an integer of 0 to 2; and n is an integer of 0 to 3] are prepared. In an in vitro test for motilin receptor antagonism, ($2S$ -(2S,12S))-2-amino-N-(2-(3-tert-butyl-4-hydroxylphenylmethyl)-1,4,8-triax-3,7,13-trioxocyclotriodecan-12-yl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-methylpropionamide showed IC_{50} of 0.52 nM.

IT 401896-13-7P

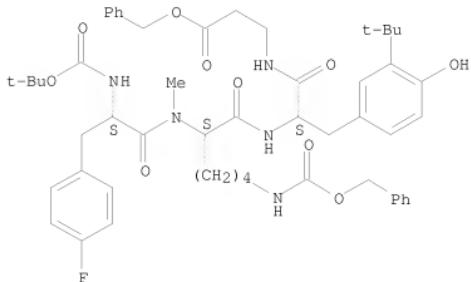
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of cyclic peptide derivs. as motilin receptor antagonists)

RN 401896-13-7 HCAPLUS

CN β -Alanine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-4-fluoro-L-phenylalanyl-N2-methyl-N6-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-lysyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-L-tyrosyl-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



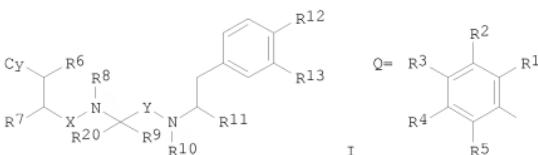
REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L14 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:535162 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:150920
 TITLE: Preparation of peptides or analogs containing substituted phenethylamine moiety as motilin receptor antagonists
 INVENTOR(S): Matsuoaka, Hiroharu; Sato, Tsutomu;
 Takahashi, Tadakatsu; Kim, Dong Ick; Jung, Kyung Yun;
 Park, Chan Hee
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chugai Seiyaku Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 403 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000044770	A1	20000803	WO 2000-JP444	20000128
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2359030	A1	20000803	CA 2000-2359030	20000128
EP 1149843	A1	20011031	EP 2000-901956	20000128
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
HU 2001005204	A2	20020429	HU 2001-5204	20000128
HU 2001005204	A3	20020528		
JP 3715202	B2	20051109	JP 2000-596026	20000128
NO 2001003684	A	20010928	NO 2001-3684	20010726
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-20523	A 19990128
			JP 1999-283163	A 19991004
			WO 2000-JP444	W 20000128

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:150920

GI



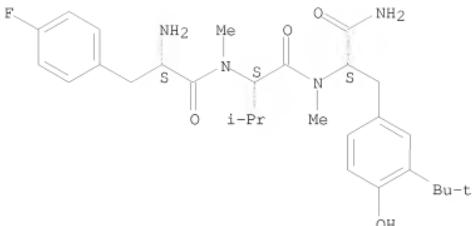
AB Substituted phenethylamine derivs. represented by general formula (I), hydrates of the same, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof [wherein Cy is a group represented by general formula Q, an optionally substituted heterocyclic group, C3-7 cycloalkyl, or phenyl; R1, R1, R1, R1 and R5 are each hydrogen, halogeno, hydroxyl, amino, trifluoromethyl or cyano, at least one of R1-R5 being halogeno, trifluoromethyl or cyano; R6 represents hydrogen, (un)substituted linear or branched C1-3 alkyl, amino, or hydroxy; R8 represents hydrogen, Me, or ethyl; R9 represents (un)substituted linear or branched C1-6 alkyl, C2-6 alkenyl, or C2-6 alkynyl, C3-7 cycloalkyl, or (un)substituted Ph; R20 represents hydrogen, or (un)substituted linear or branched C1-3 alkyl or R9 and R20 together forms C3-7 cycloalkyl; R10 represents hydrogen, (un)substituted linear or branched C1-3 alkyl; R11 represents hydrogen or (un)substituted linear or branched C1-3 alkyl, (un)substituted carbamoyl, or carboxy; R12 represents hydroxy or linear or branched C1-4 alkoxy; R13 represents hydrogen, (un)substituted linear or branched C1-6 alkyl, C2-6 alkenyl, or alkynyl, etc.; X, Y represents carbonyl or CH2; provisos are given.], which exhibit motilin receptor antagonism and being useful as drugs for preventing digestive tract movement or high level of blood motilin. Thus, 3-methyl-2-methylaminobutyric acid
 2-(3-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-(2-pyridylcarbamoyl)ethylamide (preparation given) was condensed with Boc-Phe(4-F)-OH using CMPI in the presence of Et3N in THF under ice-cooling for 4 h followed by treatment of the product with CF3CO2H in CH2Cl2 gave 2-((2-amino-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-methylbutyric acid 2-(3-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-(2-pyridylcarbamoyl)ethylamide (II). II and N-Et-Phe(4-F)-N-Me-Val-N-Et-Tyr(3-tBu)-NHEt showed IC50 of 0.35 and 0.17 nM, resp., for inhibiting binding of 125I-motilin to motilin receptor preparation from mucous membrane of rabbit duodenum.

IT 287205-81-6
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of peptides or analogs containing substituted phenethylamine moiety
 as motilin receptor antagonists and drugs for preventing digestive tract movement or high level of blood motilin)

RN 287205-81-6 HCPLUS
 CN L-Tyrosinamide, 4-fluoro-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-Na-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

stn



REFERENCE COUNT: 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:30:09 ON 26 OCT 2008)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:30:25 ON 26 OCT 2008

L1 STRUCTURE uploaded
L2 4 S L1
L3 80 S L1 FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:39:11 ON 26 OCT 2008

L4 29 S L3
L5 1 S LL AND MATSUOKA, H?/AU
L6 29 S L4 NOT L5
L7 29 S L4 NOT L5
L8 0 S L4 AND SATO, T?/AU
L9 0 S L6 AND TAKAHASHI, T?/AU

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:42:14 ON 26 OCT 2008

L10 STRUCTURE uploaded
L11 4 S L10
L12 414 S L10 FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:45:11 ON 26 OCT 2008

L13 8 S L12
L14 2 S L13 AND MATSUOKA, H?/AU

=> s l13 not l14
L15 6 L13 NOT L14

=> s l15 and sato, t?/au
26063 SATO, T?/AU
L16 2 L15 AND SATO, T?/AU

=> d l16, ibib abs hitstr, 1-2

L16 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:90066 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:135034
 TITLE: Method for producing tripeptide derivative
 INVENTOR(S): Sato, Tsutomu; Shimizu, Hirohito
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chugai Seiyaku Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002008248	A1	20020131	WO 2001-JP6295	20010719
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
JP 2005097119	A	20050414	JP 2000-219971	20000721
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-219977	A 20000721
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT 136:135034; MARPAT 136:135034			
GI				

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB A method for producing L-phenylalanyl-L-valyl-L-3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosinamide compds. represented by the general formula (I; wherein R1 represents a hydrogen atom or a linear or branched aliphatic alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; R2 represents a hydrogen atom or Me group; R3 represents a hydrogen atom or Me group; and R4 represents a halogen atom) comprises condensation of 3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosinamide derivs. (II; R1 , R2 = same as above) with N-methyl-L-valine derivs. (III; P1 = amino-protecting group), N-deprotection of the resulting L-valyl-3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosinamide derivs. (IV; R1, R2, P1 = same as above), and condensation of the resulting IV (P1 = H; R1 , R2 = same as above) with L-phenylalanine derivs. (V; R3, R4 = same as above; P2 = amino-protecting group) followed by N-deprotection. The method can be advantageously used for producing a novel peptide derivative in a com. process. Thus, 20.8 g MeSO3H and 20.0 g tert-Bu chloride were successively added to 10.0 g L-tyrosine Me ester hydrochloride under stirring, stirred at 50° for 5 h, treated dropwise with MeOH (20 mL)/H2O (20 mL) under ice-cooling then with a solution of 14.2 g KOH in 43 mL H2O at <10° to give 77.0% 3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosine Me ester which (8.35 g) was added to a mixture of 24.1 g 62% aqueous ethylamine and 7.52 g ethylamine hydrochloride under ice-cooling and stirred at room temperature for 5 h to give 89.8% 3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosine ethylamide (VI). To a solution of 5.50 g VI and 3.35 g 1-hydroxybenzotriazole monohydrate in 55 mL THF were

stn

successively added 4.19 g 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride and 3.04 mL Et3N and stirred at room temperature for 2.5 h to give

100% N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosine ethylamide which (10.0 g) was dissolved in 100 mL EtOAc, treated with 11.1 mL concentrated H2SO4 under ice-cooling, treated with 100 mL EtOAc, adjusted pH 8 by adding saturated aqueous NaHCO3, and stirred 15 min to give 87.9% N-methyl-L-valyl-3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosine ethylamide (VII). To a mixture of 5.50 g VII, 5.20 g N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methyl-4-fluoro-L-phenylalanine, 4.47 g 2-chloro-1-methylpyridinium iodide, and 37 mL tert-Bu Me ether was added 5.09 mL Et3N and stirred at room temperature for 4 h to give 86.0% N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methyl-4-fluoro-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosine ethylamide which (7.50 g) was similarly deprotected as described above using concentrated H2SO4 in EtOAc to give 100% N-methyl-4-fluoro-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosine.

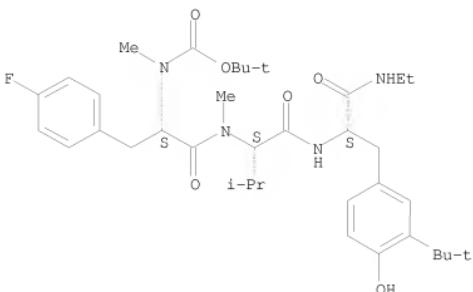
IT 287210-10-0P 393562-03-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation tripeptide derivs. by sequential coupling of N-methyl-L-valine derivs. and L-phenylalanine derivs. to 3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosinamide derivs.)

RN 287210-10-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-ethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

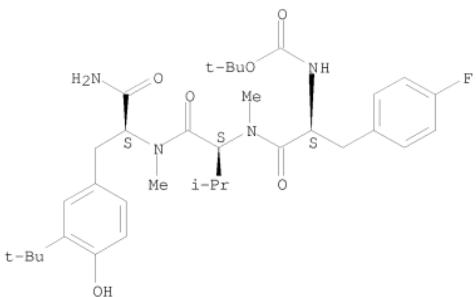


RN 393562-03-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-4-fluoro-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-ethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

stn



IT 287205-81-6P 287206-61-5P

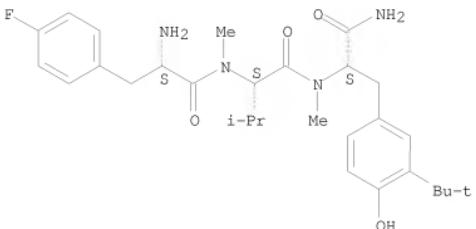
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation tripeptide derivs. by sequential coupling of N-methyl-L-valine derivs. and L-phenylalanine derivs. to 3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosinamide derivs.)

RN 287205-81-6 HCPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, 4-fluoro-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-tert-butyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

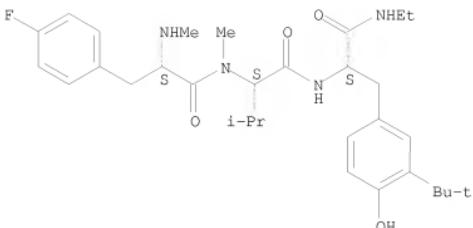


RN 287206-61-5 HCPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, 4-fluoro-N-methyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-ethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

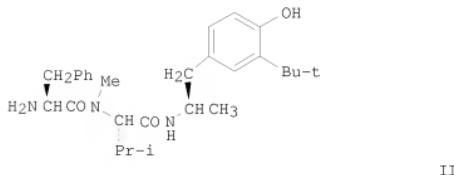
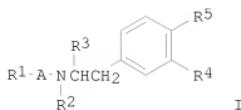
stn



REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT.

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:139868 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:196958
TITLE: Preparation of 3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosinamide-containing peptides and related compounds exhibiting a motilin receptor antagonism
INVENTOR(S): Kotake, Ken-ichiro; Kozono, Toshiro; Sato, Tsutomu; Takanashi, Hisanori
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chugai Seiyaku Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 144 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION.

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9909053	A1	19990225	WO 1998-JP3627	19980814
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, KE, KG, KR, LZ, LC, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
TW 460478	B	20011021	TW 1998-87113211	19980811
CA 2301687	A1	19990225	CA 1998-2301687	19980814
AU 9886490	A	19990308	AU 1998-86490	19980814
AU 741216	B2	20011129		
JP 2000044595	A	20000215	JP 1998-229586	19980814
JP 3583928	B2	20041104		
EP 1006122	A1	20000607	EP 1998-937826	19980814
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
US 6255285	B1	20010703	US 2000-485620	20000215
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-255879	A 19970815



AB Phenethylamine derivs. represented by general formula [I; wherein A represents an amino acid or α -substituted amino acid residue; R1 represents R6CO, (un)substituted C2-7 linear or branched alkyl, C3-8 alkenyl, or C3-8 alkynyl; R2 represents hydrogen, C1-3 linear or branched alkyl; R3 represents COR7, (un)substituted C1-5 linear or branched alkyl, C2-5 alkenyl, or C2-5 alkynyl; R4 represents H, C1-6 linear or branched alkyl, C2-6 alkenyl, C2-6 alkynyl, etc.; R5 represents hydroxy or C1-4 n-alkoxy; R6 represents (un)substituted C1-6 linear or branched alkyl, C2-7 alkenyl, or C2-7 alkynyl, optionally benzeno- or heterocyclic ring-condensed C3-7 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C6-12 aromatic ring, (un)substituted C3-12 (un)saturated heterocyclic ring, (un)substituted NH2, (un)substituted linear or branched C1-5 alkoxy, C2-6 alkenyloxy, C2-6 alkynyloxy, etc.; and R7 represents H, (un)substituted C1-5 linear or branched alkyl, C3-7 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted NH2, OH, linear or branched alkyl C1-6 alkoxy, or C3-7 cycloalkyloxy] are prepared. Also claimed are a motilin receptor antagonist, an inhibitor of digestive tract motility, and a remedy for high blood motilin. They are also useful for the treatment of irritable bowel syndrome. Thus, Nu-methyl-N-[2-(3-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]-L-valinamide was condensed with Boc-Phe-OH using HOBt and DIC in DMF at room temperature for 2.5 days followed by deprotection with CF3CO2H in CH2Cl2 to give the title compound (II). II in vitro showed IC50 of 1.9 nM for inhibiting the binding of [125I]motilin motilin receptor preparation from rabbit ileum mucous membrane.

stn

IT 220806-45-1P 220806-47-3P 220806-49-5P
220806-51-9P 220806-59-7P 220806-61-1P
220806-63-3P 220806-71-3P 220806-75-7P
220806-77-9P 220806-79-1P 220806-81-5P
220806-83-7P 220806-85-9P 220806-87-1P
220806-89-3P 220806-91-7P 220806-93-9P
220806-95-1P 220806-97-3P 220806-99-5P
220807-01-2P 220807-03-4P 220807-05-6P
220807-07-8P 220807-09-0P 220807-11-4P
220807-19-2P 220808-16-2P 220808-17-3P
220808-18-4P 220808-19-5P 220808-20-8P
220808-27-5P 220808-28-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation of 3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosinamide-containing peptide compds. as motilin receptor antagonists, inhibitors of digestive tract motility, and remedy for high blood motilin)

RN 220806-45-1 HCPLUS

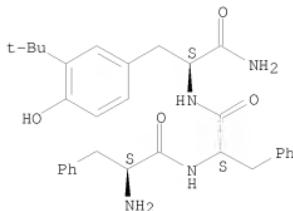
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-phenylalanyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-44-0

CMF C31 H38 N4 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

CMF C2 H F3 O2



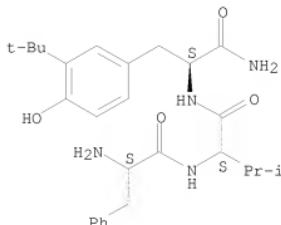
stn

RN 220806-47-3 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,
mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-46-2
CMF C27 H38 N4 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



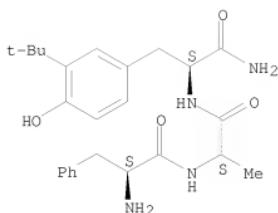
RN 220806-49-5 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-alanyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,
mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-48-4
CMF C25 H34 N4 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.

stn



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2

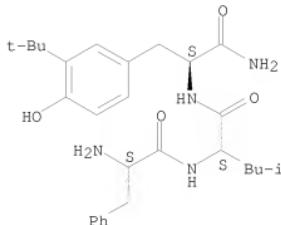


RN 220806-51-9 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-leucyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-50-8
CMF C28 H40 N4 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

Updated Search

stn

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2

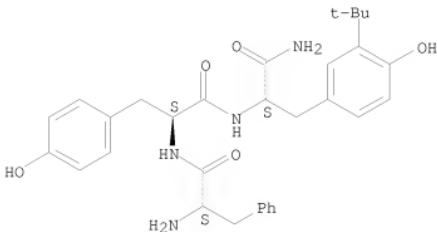


RN 220806-59-7 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-tyrosyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,
mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-58-6
CMF C31 H38 N4 O5

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



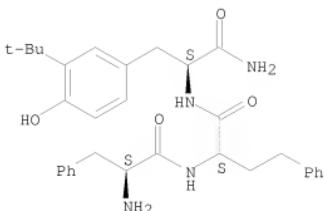
RN 220806-61-1 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-(α S)- α -aminobenzenebutanoyl-3-
(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

стн

CM 1

CRN 220806-60-0
CMF C32 H40 N4 04

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 220806-63-3 HCAPLUS

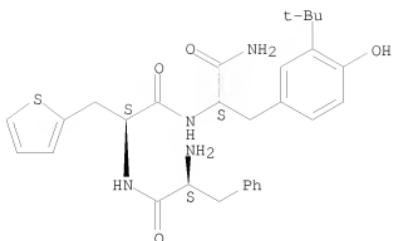
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-3-(2-thienyl)-L-alanyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-62-2
CMF C29 H36 N4 O4 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

stn



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



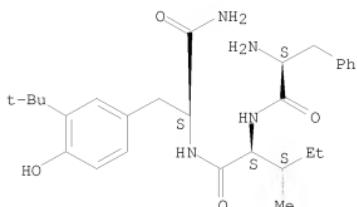
RN 220806-71-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-isoleucyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-70-2
CMF C28 H40 N4 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

Updated Search

stn

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2

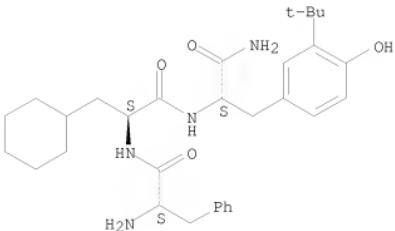


RN 220806-75-7 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-3-cyclohexyl-L-alanyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-74-6
CMF C31 H44 N4 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



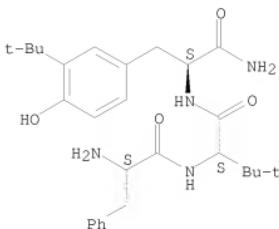
RN 220806-77-9 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-3-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

stn

CM 1

CRN 220806-76-8
CMF C28 H40 N4 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 220806-79-1 HCPLUS

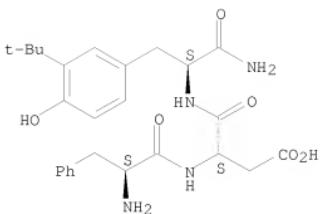
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L- α -aspartyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-78-0
CMF C26 H34 N4 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.

stn



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



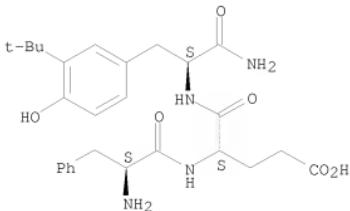
RN 220806-81-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L- α -glutamyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-80-4
CMF C27 H36 N4 06

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

stn

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2

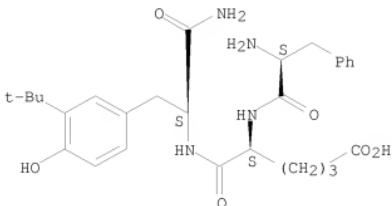


RN 220806-83-7 HCAPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-5-carboxy-L-norvalyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-82-6
CMF C28 H38 N4 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



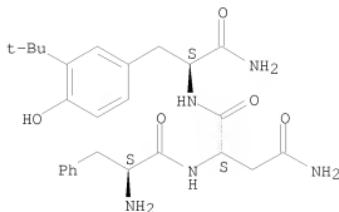
RN 220806-85-9 HCAPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-asparaginyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

stn

CRN 220806-84-8
CMF C26 H35 N5 O5

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



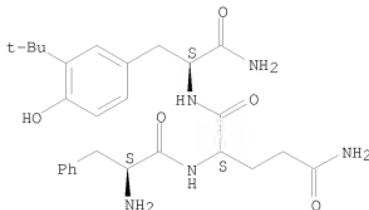
RN 220806-87-1 HCPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-glutaminyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-86-0
CMF C27 H37 N5 O5

Absolute stereochemistry.



stn

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2

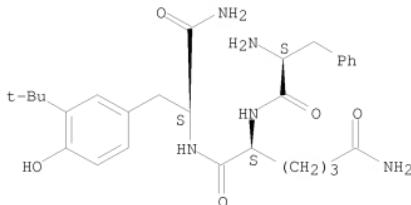


RN 220806-89-3 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-6-oxo-L-lysyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,
mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-88-2
CMF C28 H39 N5 O5

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



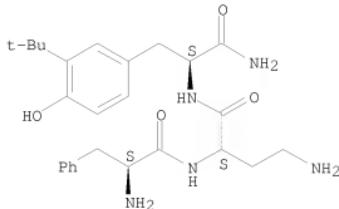
RN 220806-91-7 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-(2S)-2,4-diaminobutanoyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

stn

CM 1

CRN 220806-90-6
CMF C26 H37 N5 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 220806-93-9 HCPLUS

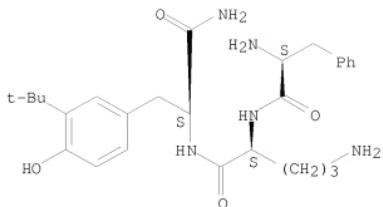
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-ornithyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-92-8
CMF C27 H39 N5 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.

stn



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2

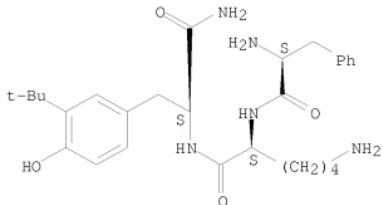


RN 220806-95-1 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-lysyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,
mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-94-0
CMF C28 H41 N5 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

Updated Search

stn

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2

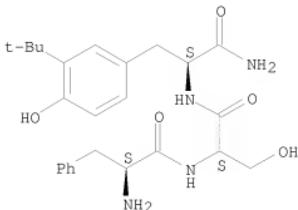


RN 220806-97-3 HCAPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-seryl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,
mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220806-96-2
CMF C25 H 34 N4 O5

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



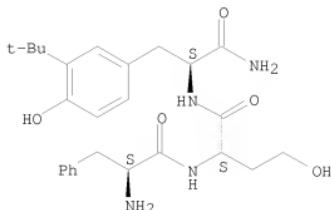
RN 220806-99-5 HCAPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-homoseryl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,
mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

stn

CRN 220806-98-4
CMF C26 H36 N4 O5

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2

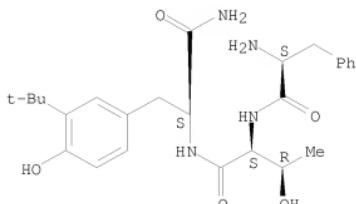


RN 220807-01-2 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-threonyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,
mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220807-00-1
CMF C26 H36 N4 O5

Absolute stereochemistry.



stn

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2

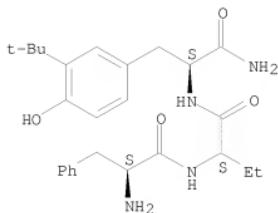


RN 220807-03-4 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-(2S)-2-aminobutanoyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,
, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220807-02-3
CMF C26 H36 N4 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



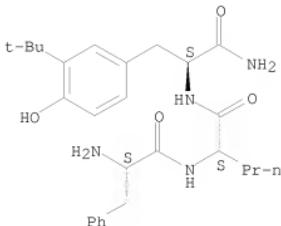
RN 220807-05-6 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-norvalyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,
mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

stn

CM 1

CRN 220807-04-5
CMF C27 H38 N4 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 220807-07-8 HCAPLUS

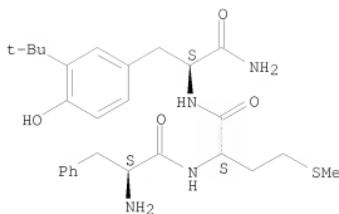
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-methionyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,
mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220807-06-7
CMF C27 H38 N4 O4 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

stn



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2

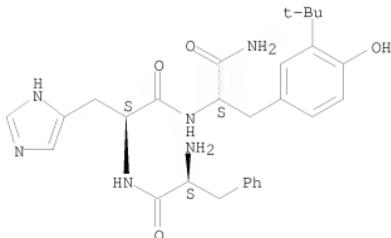


RN 220807-09-0 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-histidyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,
mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220807-08-9
CMF C28 H36 N6 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

Updated Search

stn

CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2

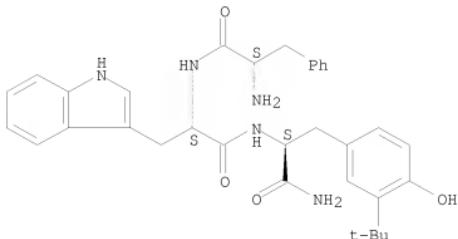


RN 220807-11-4 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-tryptophyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,
mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220807-10-3
CMF C33 H39 N5 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

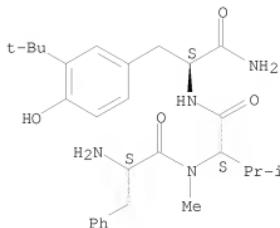
CRN 76-05-1
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 220807-19-2 HCPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

stn

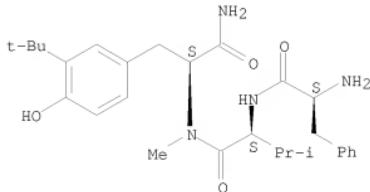
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 220808-16-2 HCPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

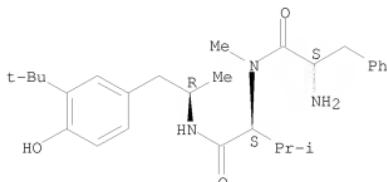
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 220808-17-3 HCPLUS

CN L-Valinamide, L-phenylalanyl-N-[(1R)-2-[3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-methylethyl]-N2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



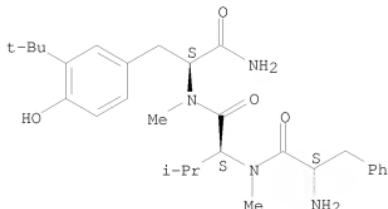
RN 220808-18-4 HCPLUS

Updated Search

stn

CN L-Tyrosinamide, L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-Na-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

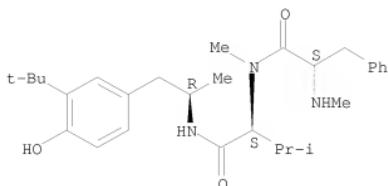
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 220808-19-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valinamide, N-methyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[(1R)-2-[3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-methylethyl]-N2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

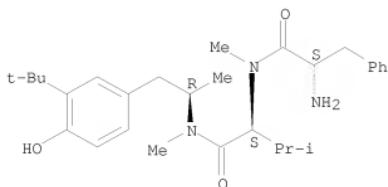
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 220808-20-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valinamide, L-phenylalanyl-N-[(1R)-2-[3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-methylethyl]-N,N2-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

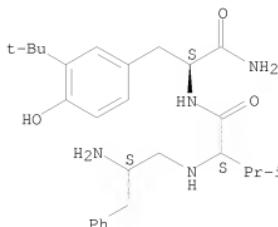
Absolute stereochemistry.



stn

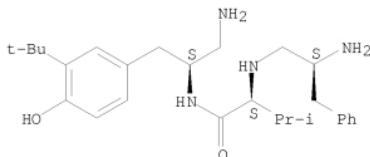
RN 220808-27-5 HCAPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, N-[(2S)-2-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 220808-28-6 HCAPLUS
CN Butanamide, N-[(1S)-2-amino-1-[(3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]ethyl]-2-[(2S)-2-amino-3-phenylpropyl]amino]-3-methyl-, (2S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

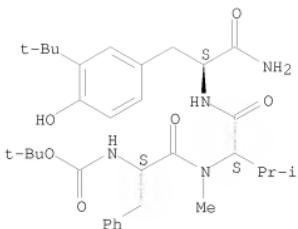
Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 220808-36-6P 220808-44-6P 220808-74-2P
220808-80-0P 220808-85-5P 220808-89-9P
220808-90-2P 220808-96-8P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of 3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosinamide-containing peptide compds. as motilin receptor antagonists, inhibitors of digestive tract motility, and remedy for high blood motilin)
RN 220808-36-6 HCAPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

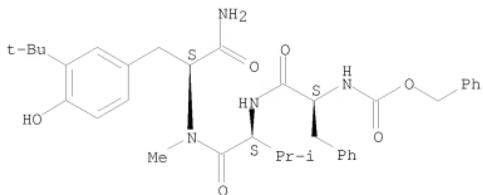
stn



RN 220808-44-6 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-Na-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

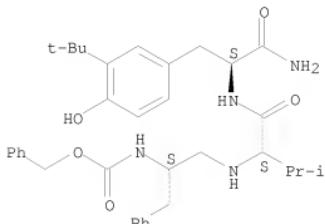
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 220808-74-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, N-[(2S)-3-phenyl-2-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]propyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

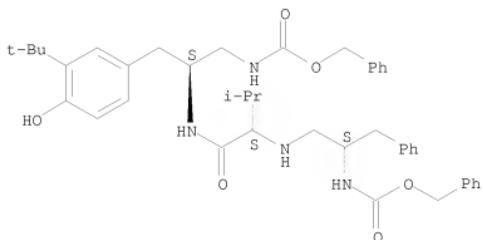


BN 220808-80-0 HCAPLUS

stn

CN 2,5,8,11-Tetraazadodecanedioic acid,
9-[(3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-6-(1-methylethyl)-7-oxo-
3-(phenylmethyl)-, 1,12-bis(phenylmethyl) ester, (3S,6S,9S)- (CA INDEX
NAME)

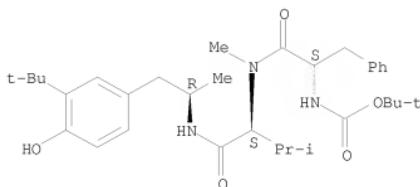
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 220808-85-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanyl-N-[(1R)-2-[3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-methylethyl]-N2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

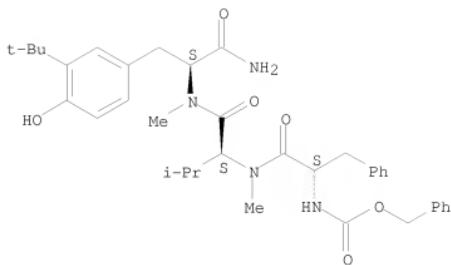


RN 220808-89-9 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-
valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N₂-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

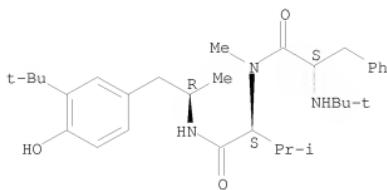
stn



RN 220808-90-2 HCPLUS

CN L-Valinamide, N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-L-phenylalanyl-N-[(1R)-2-[3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-methylethyl]-N2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

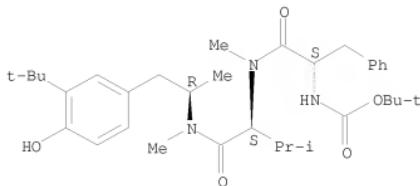
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 220808-96-8 HCPLUS

CN L-Valinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanyl-N-[(1R)-2-[3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-methylethyl]-N,N2-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



Updated Search

stn

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:30:09 ON 26 OCT 2008)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:30:25 ON 26 OCT 2008

L1 STRUCTURE uploaded
L2 4 S L1
L3 80 S L1 FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:39:11 ON 26 OCT 2008

L4 29 S L3
L5 1 S LL AND MATSUOKA, H?/AU
L6 29 S L4 NOT L5
L7 29 S L4 NOT L5
L8 0 S L4 AND SATO, T?/AU
L9 0 S L6 AND TAKAHASHI, T?/AU

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:42:14 ON 26 OCT 2008

L10 STRUCTURE uploaded
L11 4 S L10
L12 414 S L10 FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:45:11 ON 26 OCT 2008

L13 8 S L12
L14 2 S L13 AND MATSUOKA, H?/AU
L15 6 S L13 NOT L14
L16 2 S L15 AND SATO, T?/AU

=> s l15 not l16
L17 4 L15 NOT L16

=> s l17 and takahashi, t?/au
21947 TAKAHASHI, T?/AU
L18 0 L17 AND TAKAHASHI, T?/AU

=> s l17 and kim, d?/au
31091 KIM, D?/AU
L19 1 L17 AND KIM, D?/AU

=> d l19, ibib abs hitstr, 1

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 20021637704 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:185838

TITLE: Process for preparation of peptide derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Kim, Dong Ick; Jeon, Gee Ho; Kim, Sung Jin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chugai Seiyaku Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

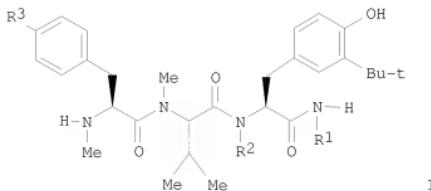
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002064623	A1	20020822	WO 2002-JP1139	20020212
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2002230216	A1	20020828	AU 2002-230216	20020212
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			KR 2001-6673	A 20010212
			WO 2002-JP1139	W 20020212
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT 137:185838; MARPAT 137:185838			
GI				



AB The title compds. I [R1 is hydrogen or linear or branched C1-4 alkyl; R2 is hydrogen or linear or branched C1-4 alkyl; and R3 is halogeno] are prepared in a multistep process. I are motilin receptor antagonists and are useful as drugs for gastric or intestinal diseases (no data). Thus, amidation of N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L-(4-fluorophenyl)alanine with L-valine Me ester hydrochloride, followed by methylation with iodomethane, saponification, reaction with 3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosine Et amide, and deprotection, gave N-methyl-L-4-fluorophenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valine-3-tert-butyl-L-tyrosine Et amide.

IT 287206-61-5P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

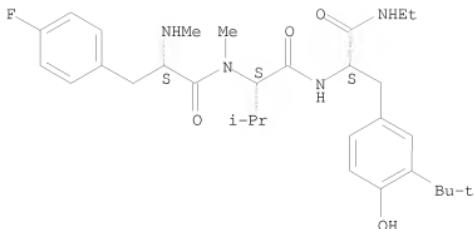
(process for preparation of peptide derivs.)

RN 287206-61-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, 4-fluoro-N-methyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-ethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

stn

Absolute stereochemistry.



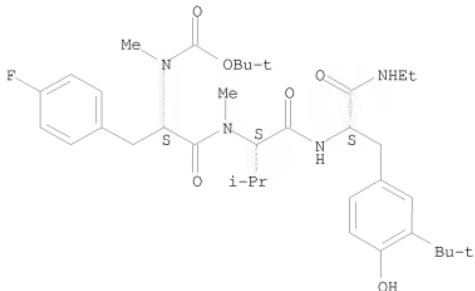
IT 287210-10-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(process for preparation of peptide derivs.)

RN 287210-10-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-ethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT:

5

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:30:09 ON 26 OCT 2008)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:30:25 ON 26 OCT 2008
L1 STRUCTURE uploaded

stn

L2 4 S L1
L3 80 S L1 FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:39:11 ON 26 OCT 2008
L4 29 S L3
L5 1 S LL AND MATSUOKA, H?/AU
L6 29 S L4 NOT L5
L7 29 S L4 NOT L5
L8 0 S L4 AND SATO, T?/AU
L9 0 S L6 AND TAKAHASHI, T?/AU

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:42:14 ON 26 OCT 2008
L10 STRUCTURE uploaded
L11 4 S L10
L12 414 S L10 FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:45:11 ON 26 OCT 2008
L13 8 S L12
L14 2 S L13 AND MATSUOKA, H?/AU
L15 6 S L13 NOT L14
L16 2 S L15 AND SATO, T?/AU
L17 4 S L15 NOT L16
L18 0 S L17 AND TAKAHASHI, T?/AU
L19 1 S L17 AND KIM, D?/AU

=> s l17 not 119
L20 3 L17 NOT L19

=> s l20 and jung, k?/au
 3311 JUNG, K?/AU
L21 0 L20 AND JUNG, K?/AU

=> s l20 and park, c?/au
 12728 PARK, C?/AU
L22 0 L20 AND PARK, C?/AU

=> d l20, ibib abs fhitstr, 1-3

L20 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:172923 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:299702
TITLE: Oral administration of MA-2029, a novel selective and
 competitive motilin receptor antagonist, inhibits
 motilin-induced intestinal contractions and visceral
 pain in rabbits
AUTHOR(S): Sudo, Hirokazu; Yoshida, Shoshin; Ozaki, Ken-ichi;
 Muramatsu, Hiroyasu; Onoma, Mitsu; Yogo, Kenji; Kamei,
 Kenshi; Cynshi, Osamu; Kuromaru, Osamu; Peeters, Theo
L.; Takanashi, Hisanori
CORPORATE SOURCE: Fuji-Gotemba Research Laboratories, Chugai
 Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Shizuoka, 412-8513, Japan
SOURCE: European Journal of Pharmacology (2008), 581(3),
 296-305
CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999
PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

stn

LANGUAGE: English

AB The pharmacol. properties of MA-2029, a novel motilin receptor antagonist, were investigated. *In vitro*, MA-2029 (1 to 30 nM) competitively inhibited motilin-induced contractions in isolated rabbit duodenal longitudinal muscle strips, with a pA₂ value of 9.17 ± 0.01 (n = 5). However, contractile responses to acetylcholine and substance P were unaffected even at 1 μM of MA-2029. MA-2029 concentration-dependently inhibited the binding of [¹²⁵I]motilin to motilin receptors in a homogenate of rabbit colon smooth muscle tissue and membranes of HEK 293 cells expressing human motilin receptors. The pKi of MA-2029 was 8.58 ± 0.04 in the rabbit colon homogenate (n = 4) and 8.39 in the HEK 293 cells (mean of duplicate expts.). *In vivo*, orally-administered MA-2029 (3 to 30 mg/kg) dose-dependently inhibited colonic contractions induced by motilin (3 μg/kg, i.v.) in conscious rabbits. Inhibition was caused by all doses at 30 min after administration and by 10 mg/kg or more at 4 h after administration. The plasma concentration of MA-2029 correlated with its inhibitory effect. Furthermore, the oral administration of MA-2029 (0.3 to 3 mg/kg) also inhibited abdominal muscle contractions (an index of the visceral pain) induced by i.v. infusion of motilin (3 μg/kg/h) during colorectal distension in conscious rabbits. These results indicate that MA-2029 is an orally active, selective and competitive motilin receptor antagonist. It is suggested that this compound may be useful for gastrointestinal disorders associated with disturbed gastrointestinal motility such as irritable bowel syndrome.

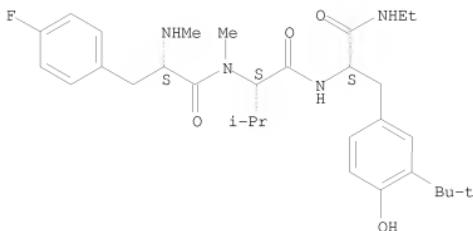
IT 287206-61-5, MA-2029

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(oral motilin receptor antagonist MA-2029 inhibits intestinal contractions and visceral pain)

RN 287206-61-5 HCPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, 4-fluoro-N-methyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-ethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

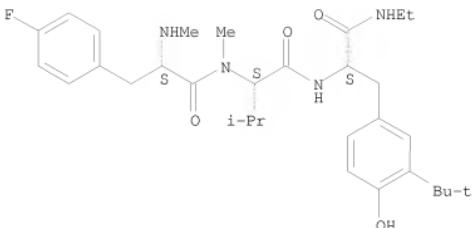
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:106928 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:221501

stn

TITLE: Characterization of MA-2029 hydrochloride solvates, desolvates, and a hydrate
AUTHOR(S): Takata, Noriyuki; Hayashi, Yoshiki; Machida, Minoru; Terada, Katsuhide
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmaceutics, Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science, Toho University, 2-2-1 Miyama, Funabashi, Chiba, 274-8501, Japan
SOURCE: Asian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (Hong Kong, China) (2006), 1(3-4), 146-158
CODEN: AJPSGU; ISSN: 1818-0876
PUBLISHER: Hong Kong Asiamed Publish House
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
AB Purpose: To characterize the desolvation and hydration behavior of MA-2029 hydrochloride solvates, desolvates, and a hydrate. Methods: MA-2029 hydrochloride solvates, desolvates, and a hydrate were characterized by powder X-ray diffraction, crystal structure determination, moisture sorption anal., and differential scanning calorimetry. Results: The solvates crystallized from acetonitrile/water and Et acetate saturated with water were identified as acetonitrile solvated hemihydrate and Et acetate solvated hemihydrate, resp. Both solvates possessed essentially similar lattice parameters and similar MA-2029 conformations despite having different solvents, and had tunnel structures filled with the solvent mols., which were maintained after desolvation. After desolvation, the vacant tunnels caused nonstoichiometric and extreme hygroscopicity at low relative humidity and they were maintained upon hydration. On heating the hydrate, disruption of the crystal lattice after dehydration was observed prior to melting and this was reflected in the enthalpies of fusion of the hydrate that fell as the heating rate was reduced. Conclusions: MA-2029 hydrochloride solvates were classified as clathrates which possess tunnel structures. The tunnel structures caused their several specific physicochem. features in the desolvation and hydration processes: isomorphism between both solvates despite having different solvents, hydration into vacant tunnels created after desolvation, and disruption of crystal lattices of the hydrate prior to melting during the heating process.
IT 922190-03-2, MA 2029 hydrochloride
RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(MA-2029 hydrochloride solvates like acetonitrile solvated hemihydrate and Et acetate solvated hemihydrate showed similar lattice parameters and had tunnel structures filled with solvent, which were maintained after desolvation)
RN 922190-03-2 HCAPLUS
CN L-Tyrosinamide, 4-fluoro-N-methyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-ethyl-, hydrochloride (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl1

REFERENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1298385 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:177451
 TITLE: Delineation of the motilin domain involved in desensitization and internalization of the motilin receptor by using full and partial antagonists
 AUTHOR(S): Mitselos, Anna; Depoortere, Inge; Peeters, Theo L.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Centre for Gastroenterological Research, Catholic University of Leuven, Louvain, B-3000, Belg.
 SOURCE: Biochemical Pharmacology (2007), 73(1), 115-124
 CODEN: BCPA6; ISSN: 0006-2952
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB Studies with fragments of the gastrointestinal peptide, motilin, indicate that the C-terminal region of this peptide plays an important role in the desensitization of the motilin receptor (MTLR). To verify this hypothesis, we studied the desensitization, phosphorylation and internalization induced by motilin analogs of different chain length with agonistic and antagonistic properties in CHO-MTLR cells. We studied motilin [1-22], the [1-14] fragment, the analogs Phe3[1-22] and Phe3[1-14], and two putative antagonists, GM-109 and MA-2029 (modified 1-4 and 1-3 fragments). Activation and desensitization (2 h preincubation with the motilin analogs 10 μ M) were studied in CHO-MTLR cells by an aequorin based luminescence assay. Phosphorylation was studied by immunopptn. and internalization was visualized in CHO-MTLR cells containing an enhanced green fluorescent protein (CHO-MTLR-EGFP). Results showed that Motilin [1-22] and [1-14] were more potent than Phe3[1-22] and Phe3[1-14] (pEC50: 9.77, 8.78, 7.36 and 6.65, resp.) to induce Ca^{2+} release. GM-109 and MA-2029 were without agonist activity. Motilin[1-22] and Phe3[1-22] decreased the second response to motilin from 78 \pm 2% to 11 \pm 3% and 34 \pm 3% ($P < 0.001$), resp., whereas [1-14], Phe3[1-14], GM-109 and MA-2029 had no desensitizing effect (68 \pm 5%, 78 \pm 3%, 78 \pm 6% and 78 \pm 5%, resp., $P > 0.05$). The rank order of MTLR-phosphorylation was:

stn

[1-22] > [1-14] > Phe3[1-22] = Phe3[1-14] > GM-109 = MA-2029. Only motilin [1-22] and [1-14] induced receptor MTLR-EGFP internalization as shown by a decrease in membrane fluorescence: 20±3% and 7±3%, resp. Thus, the C-terminus of motilin enhances desensitization, phosphorylation and internalization of the MTLR while modifications of the N-terminus can favor a conformation of the receptor that is less susceptible to phosphorylation and internalization.

IT 922190-03-2, MA 2029

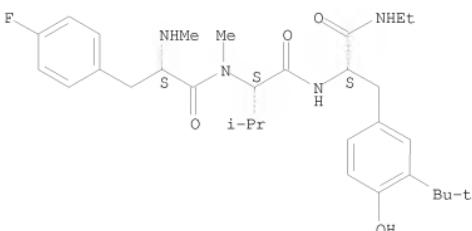
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(motilin receptor antagonist; delineation of motilin domain involved in desensitization, phosphorylation and internalization of motilin receptor by using full and partial antagonists)

RN 922190-03-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, 4-fluoro-N-methyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-ethyl-, hydrochloride (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

REFERENCE COUNT: 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> file caold
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY		

FULL ESTIMATED COST

73.19	457.30
-------	--------

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY		

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

-6.40	-7.20
-------	-------

FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 16:51:42 ON 26 OCT 2008
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

std

FILE COVERS 1907-1966
FILE LAST UPDATED: 01 May 1997 (19970501/UP)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. Title keywords, authors, patent assignees, and patent information, e.g., patent numbers, are now searchable from 1907-1966. TIFF images of CA abstracts printed between 1907-1966 are available in the PAGE display formats.

New CAS Information Use Policies. enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file supports REGISTRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

CAOLD will be discontinued and removed from associated database clusters.

- November 22, 2008 - removed from database clusters
- December 31, 2008 - removed from STN

Content previously available only in CAOLD is now available in CA/CAplus. To learn more about the options available for transferring saved search queries and answer sets to CA/CAplus, contact your STN Service Center.

⇒ d his

(FILED : HOME : ENTERED AT 16:30:09 ON 26 OCT 2008)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:30:25 ON 26 OCT 2008
L1 STRUCTURE uploaded
L2 4 S L1
L3 80 S L1 FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:39:11 ON 26 OCT 2008
L4 29 S L3
L5 1 S LL AND MATSUOKA, H?/AU
L6 29 S L4 NOT L5
L7 29 S L4 NOT L5
L8 0 S L4 AND SATO, T?/AU
L9 0 S L6 AND TAKAHASHI, T?/AU

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:42:14 ON 26 OCT 2008
L10 STRUCTURE uploaded
L11 4 S L10
L12 414 S L10 FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:45:11 ON 26 OCT 2008
L13 8 S L12
L14 2 S L13 AND MATSUOKA, H?/AU
L15 6 S L13 NOT L14
L16 2 S L15 AND SATO, T?/AU
L17 4 S L15 NOT L16
L18 0 S L12 AND TAKAHASHI, T?/AU

stn

L19 1 S L17 AND KIM, D?/AU
L20 3 S L17 NOT L19
L21 0 S L20 AND JUNG, K?/AU
L22 0 S L20 AND PARK, C?/AU

FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 16:51:42 ON 26 OCT 2008

=> s l12
L23 0 L12